

# Air quality and exercise-related health benefits from reduced car travel in the Midwestern United States

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#### **Abstract:**

BACKGROUND: Automobile exhaust contains precursors to ozone and fine particulate matter (PM

Source: http://dx.doi.org/10.1289/ehp.1103440

### **Resource Description**

#### **Exposure:** •

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Air Pollution

Air Pollution: Ozone, Particulate Matter

Geographic Feature: M

resource focuses on specific type of geography

Urban

Geographic Location:

resource focuses on specific location

**United States** 

#### Health Co-Benefit/Co-Harm (Adaption/Mitigation): ☐

specification of beneficial or harmful impacts to health resulting from efforts to reduce or cope with greenhouse gases

A focus of content

#### Health Impact: M

specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure

Morbidity/Mortality

#### 

mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource

## Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal

Mitigation

Model/Methodology: **№** 

type of model used or methodology development is a focus of resource

Cost/Economic

Resource Type: **☑** 

format or standard characteristic of resource

Research Article

Socioeconomic Scenario: Other Socioeconomic Scenario

Other Socioeconomic Scenario: BenMAP; HEAT

Timescale: **™** 

time period studied

Short-Term (